

# Multi Layer 3225 SMD NTC Thermistor VDR 1210 Surface Mount Metal Oxide Varistor

#### **Basic Information**

Place of Origin: Dongguan China

• Brand Name: linkun

Certification: CE / ROHS / UL / TUV / SGS
 Model Number: SMD NTC Thermistor

Minimum Order Quantity: NegotiationPrice: Negotiation

Packaging Details: Export Package / Negotiation

Delivery Time: Negotiation

Payment Terms: T/T, L/C, Western Union
Supply Ability: 24 million per year



## **Product Specification**

• Feature: No Leads

Application: General Purpose, Electronic Product

• Accuracy: +/-1% ~5%

• Operating Temperature: -50-200 Degrees Celsius

Resistance Tolerance: 10%-0.15%Operating Range: -50~200c

• Highlight: Multi Layer SMD NTC Thermistor,

VDR 1210 SMD NTC Thermistor, 3225 SMD

#### **Product Description**

#### Multilayer 3225 SMD VDR 1210 Surface Mount Metal Oxide Varistor CQC TUV Certificated

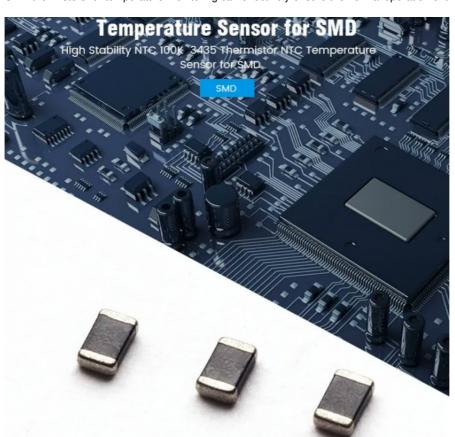
SMD chip NTC thermistor has the characteristics of small size, high reliability ceramic structure, fast response, good heat cycle resistance, etc., and is widely used in lithium batteries, hybrid design multi-function modules, IT equipment, etc. Because the SMD chip NTC thermistor is suitable for leadless high-density surface mount, it plays the role of temperature monitoring and overheating protection in the following products:

Temperature monitoring during mobile device battery charging

In battery packs (lithium-ion batteries) of mobile devices such as smartphones, there are terminals for temperature monitoring in addition to + terminals and - terminals, and SMD thermistors are mounted inside them. When the battery temperature rises, the temperature of the NTC thermistor will also rise, and the resistance value will drop. When the charging temperature exceeds the upper limit, the charging control IC will stop charging. A protection IC within the battery pack measures the battery voltage to prevent overcharging or overdischarging. In situations such as fast charging that require more precise charging control, an NTC thermistor is required to be connected to the charging control IC to measure the ambient temperature.

Temperature Monitoring for Thermal Printers

The head temperature of a thermal printer is correlated with the printing density, the higher the temperature, the higher the density, and the lower the temperature, the lower the density. According to the monitored temperature of the thermal head, it changes the pulse current sent to the thermal head and controls the voltage so as to maintain a certain printing density. Using SMD thermistors for temperature monitoring can effectively ensure the normal operation of thermal printers.



#### Specification

- 1. Professional Varistorr supplier. SMD series
- 2. Wide parameter range for your choice.
- 3. High quality guaranteed ISO9001:2008 quality approve
- 4. Application: Electronic products, new products, new designs.
- 5. Technical support and professional recommendation

type	L×W×T(mm)	(kΩ)	IB(25/50)	allowable working current (25 ) (mA)	Thermal time constant
1	IO .	1.0 220	3380 4485		3
QN040 2	1.00×0.50×0.5 0	1.0 680	3380 4500	0.03 1.00	3
QN060 3	1.60×0.80×0.8 0	1.0 1300	3380 4500	0.02 1.00	5
QN080 5	2.00×1.25×0.8 5	1.0 1300	3380 4500	0.02 1.40	5

#### **Product parameters**

P/N	R@25	Tolerance(%)	Beta Value	Tolerance(%)
MF11-050	5	` ` `	2400	` , ,
MF11-100	10	$\dashv$	2800	_
MF11-150	15	$\dashv$	2800	<del>-</del>
MF11-200	20	$\dashv$	2800	_
MF11-220	22	$\dashv$	2800	_
MF11-270	27	$\dashv$	3000	_
MF11-330	33	$\dashv$	3000	<b></b>
		4		_
MF11-390	39	_	3000	_
MF11-470	47		3100	
MF11-500	50	┙	3100	
MF11-680	68		3100	
MF11-820	82		3100	
MF11-101	100		3200	
MF11-121	120		3200	
MF11-151	150	7	3200	
MF11-201	200	7	3200	
MF11-221	220	7	3500	_
MF11-271	270	7	3500	
MF11-331	330	7	3500	_
MF11-391	390	┪	3500	┥
MF11-471	470	$\dashv$	3500	_
MF11-501	500	$\dashv$	3500	_
MF11-561	560	$\dashv$	3500	_
MF11-681	680	$\dashv$	3800	_
MF11-821	820	$\dashv$	3800	_
MF11-102	1000	-	3800	_
_		_		_
MF11-122	1200	±5 ±10 ±20	3800	±5 ±10
MF11-152	1500	_	3800	_
MF11-202	2000	_	4000	
MF11-222	2200	_	4000	
MF11-272	2700	╛	4000	
MF11-302	3000		4000	
MF11-332	3300		4000	
MF11-392	3900		4000	
MF11-472	4700	7	4050	
MF11-502	5000	7	4050	
MF11-562	5600	7	4050	
MF11-682	6800	┑	4050	_
MF11-822	8200	7	4050	
MF11-103	10000	$\dashv$	4050	<b>⊣</b>
MF11-123	12000	$\dashv$	4050	<b>-</b>
MF11-153	15000	$\dashv$	4150	<b>-</b>
MF11-203	20000	$\dashv$	4300	<b>⊣</b>
MF11-303	30000	$\dashv$	4300	<del> </del>
MF11-473	47000	$\dashv$	4300	<b>⊣</b>
		$\dashv$		<b>⊣</b>
MF11-503	50000	_	4300	_
MF11-683	68000	_	4300	<b>⊣</b>
MF11-104	100000	_	4500	
MF11-124	120000	_	4700	
MF11-154	150000	_	4700	
MF11-204	200000	╛	4700	
MF11-304	300000		4700	
MF11-504	500000	7	4800	
MF11-105	1000000	7	4900	┑ !

#### **Product Uses**

- 1.TCXO,Temperature compensating circuit of LCD
  2.Temperature sensing in rechargeable batteries and chargers/CPU
  3.IC and semiconductor protecting.
  4.Printer temperature compensating circuit. Player Driver

- 5.Telecom exchanger
- 6.DC/AC transformer and HIC over heat protecting.

### Conventional product electrical performance parameters

Part No.	R25 B(K)	Rated Power @25 (mW)	Dissipation Factor(δ)	Thermal time
	(KΩ) 25/5		(mW/ )	Constant (S)

TS502□3274A	5.0	3274	10-20	2-4	5-20
TS502□3435B	5.0	3435	10-20	2-4	5-20
TS502□3470A	5.0	3470	10-20	2-4	5-20
TS502□3950A	5.0	3950	10-20	2-4	5-20
TS103□3274A	10.0	3274	10-20	2-4	5-20
TS103□3435B	10.0	3435	10-20	2-4	5-20
TS103□3470A	10.0	3470	10-20	2-4	5-20
TS103□3950A	10.0	3950	10-20	2-4	5-20
TS103□4100A	10.0	4100	10-20	2-4	5-20
TS153□3950A	15.0	3950	10-20	2-4	5-20
TS153□4100A	15.0	4100	10-20	2-4	5-20
TS203□3950A	20.0	3950	10-20	2-4	5-20
TS203□4100A	20.0	4100	10-20	2-4	5-20
TS223□4200A	22.0	4200	10-20	2-4	5-20
TS403□3928A	40.0	3928	10-20	2-4	5-20
TS503□3950A	50.0	3950	10-20	2-4	5-20
TS503□4100A	50.0	4100	10-20	2-4	5-20
TS104□3950A	100.0	3950	10-20	2-4	5-20
TS104□4100A	100.0	4100	10-20	2-4	5-20
TS104□4400A	100.0	4400	10-20	2-4	5-20

Negative temperature coefficient thermistor, also known as NTC thermistor, is a kind of sensor resistance whose resistance value decreases with the increase of temperature. Widely used in various electronic components, such as temperature sensors, resettable fuses and self-adjusting heaters, etc.

More





# **OUR PARTNERS**



#### Our advantage:







